

## When Negative is not always Positive

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# **Presenter Disclosures**

#### **Anne Leserman**

The following personal financial relationships with commercial interests relevant to this presentation existed during the past 12 months:

# No relationships to disclose or list





### Survivor Guilt- it's a real thing

Seen in war veterans (often associated with PTSD), Holocaust survivors, relatives spared from hereditary illness

Due to: Life threatening situation Traumatic or catastrophic event Illness



### What to watch out for

- Spending a lot of time alone
- Comparing yourself with others
- Setting extreme expectations/Am I doing enough?
- Feeling unworthy/ashamed
- Worry that I did something wrong?
- Sleep disturbance
- Emotional numbness
- Extremes of anger and aggression



#### How to Cope

- Acknowledge your feelings
- Reach out for support- talk to others that have tested negative that have similar feelings.
- Let yourself mourn
- Take action



## How to find meaning

- Bloom where you're planted
- Treasure the best of each day
- Practice small acts of kindness
- Be around people
- Exercise
- Talk to a mental health professional
- Become an advocate







# HDSA Guidelines-Predictive Testing Process

#### 1. Telephone Contact

#### 2. Visit 1

- Genetic Counseling
- Sign Informed Consent Document
- Mental Health Assessment
- Neurological Exam
- Draw Blood

#### 3. Visit 2

- Disclosure of Results in Person
- Arrange Post-result Follow-up

#### 4. Follow-Up

- Prearranged phone call or in-person visit





Huntington's Disease Society of America

# Who Tests?

About 10% of at-risk individuals choose to test.

### **REASONS TO TEST:**

- Family planning
- Planning for the future
- I have to know



#### References

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